Supporting People At Risk of Overdose

Tacoma Pierce County Coalition to End Homelessness November 1, 2024

Stephanie Wood Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department

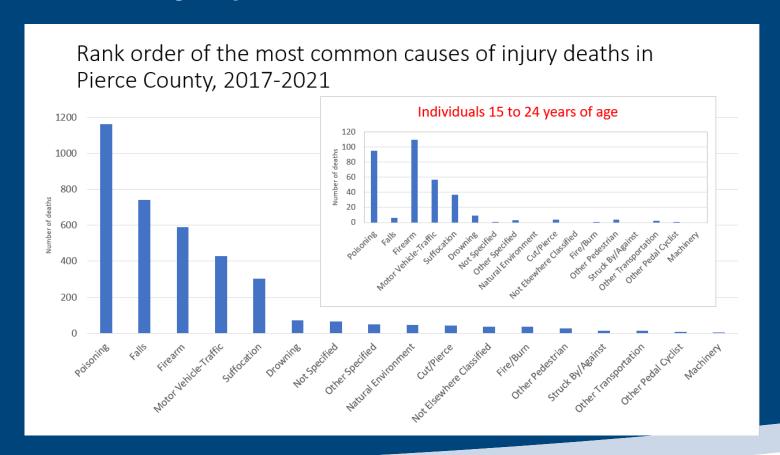


Agenda

- Drug and overdose trends.
- Collaboration and communication.
- Supporting our clients and each other.

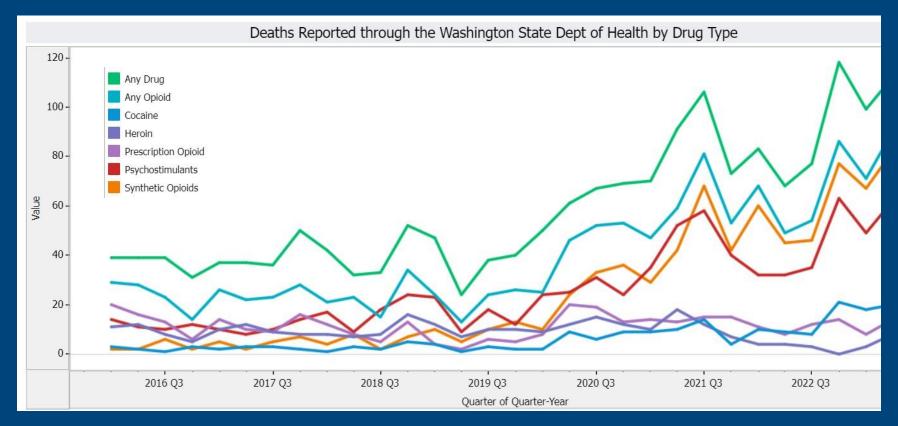


Overdose (drug poisoning) is the leading cause of injury death





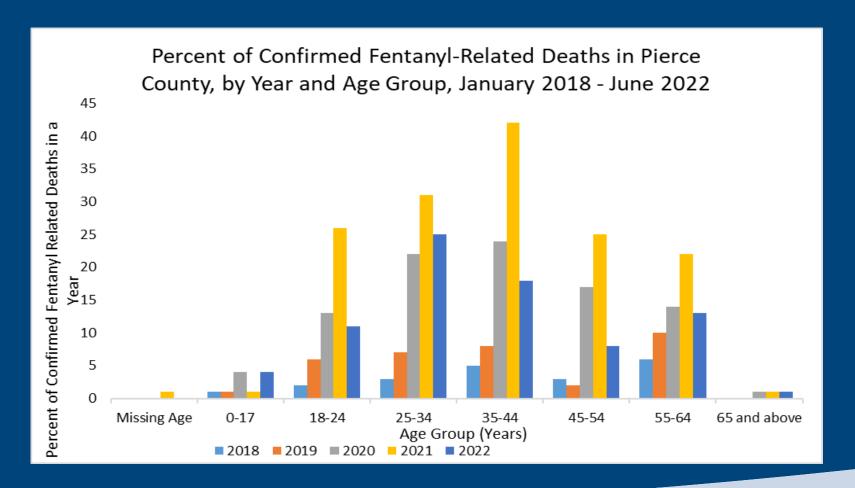
Tracking overdose in Pierce County



Tracking the Overdose Crisis in Pierce County - Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department



Youth fentanyl overdoses are increasing





Who's at risk of dying from an overdose?





Who's at risk of dying from an overdose?

People are at risk of overdose death if they:

- Are using frequently and/or from different sources.
- Are using multiple substances, including prescribed medications.
- Have compromised health (Diabetes, COPD, liver failure, heart failure, etc.)
- Are socially marginalized (e.g., racism, homophobia, etc.).
- Have little to no access to culturally/linguistically appropriate resources.
- Have struggled with mental health or substance use disorder.
- Are experiencing homelessness.
- History of incarceration.
- Are using drugs alone.
- Themselves and peers don't have harm reduction tools and training.
- Don't know legal protections like the Good Samaritan law.



What are some life-saving strategies in Pierce County?

- Programs
- Partnerships
- Anti-stigma





Some life-saving strategies in Pierce County

- Programs and policies include:
 - Opioid and psychostimulant overdose prevention and rescue training.
 - Removing barriers to Naloxone and other harm reduction.
 - Early substance use prevention, prescription monitoring, etc.
- Partnerships include:
 - Right Services Right Time and other Opioid Task Force work groups.
 - Building protective factors, relevant supports, diversion programs, etc.
 - Track, communicate and respond to surges, spikes and clusters.
- Anti-stigma includes:
 - People use drugs some drugs are legal, others aren't.
 - Overdose is preventable- it can (and does) happen to anyone.
 - SUD is a treatable health condition.



Hope grows when we get R.E.A.L. about overdose

Hope grows when we:

- Remember.
- Educate.
- Act.
- Learn.



<u>It's time to get R.E.A.L about the overdose crisis. - Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department</u>



Anti-stigma messaging

- •People can <u>prevent</u>, <u>recognize</u> and <u>respond to an opioid</u> <u>or</u> <u>psychostimulant</u> <u>overdose</u>.
- •Harm reduction and opioid-reversing medication naloxone (e.g., Narcan) saves lives.
- •The Good Samaritan Law can protect people, including youth, who are helping someone during an overdose.
- •Substance Use Disorder, a chronic medical condition, happens to anyone and deserves the same care and respect as diabetes or heart disease.
- •There are resources for grief and <u>recovery</u> support, including the <u>Health</u> <u>Department's opioid treatment services.</u>
- •Loved ones can and do recover with the right treatment and lasting solutions.



Resources mentioned

- It's time to get R.E.A.L about the overdose crisis. Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department
- Here's a Tracking the Overdose Crisis in Pierce County | Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department (tpchd.org)
- Pierce County youth page Fentanyl facts.
- Health Department's opioid treatment services.
- The Good Samaritan Law
- How to prevent, recognize and respond to an opioid or psychostimulant overdose.



